

Minister: Oil Sales Continue Despite U.S. Waiver Breach



TEHRAN – Iran's Petroleum Minister Mohsen Paknejad said on Wednesday that crude exports are continuing through established channels after Washington broke a 60-day sanctions waiver agreed under the Islamabad MoU.

Paknejad said that from the moment the temporary oil sanctions exemption took effect under Article 10 of the memorandum of understanding, Iran chose to preserve the mechanisms it had used for years to bypass, counter and neutralize restrictions on oil trade. "Time proved, after 15 days, that the en-

emy, true to its record, violated this clause," he said.

He said that during the period when the naval blockade was lifted, Iran moved a significant volume of crude beyond the blockade line. "Now the mechanisms are such that, as before, we are able to sell oil," Paknejad added, confirming that sales continue within the previous frameworks.

Over 80nn Barrels of Oil Exported According to a report by TankerTrackers, Iran exported more than 80 million barrels of crude oil and petroleum products during the 26

days following the signing of the Islamabad Memorandum of Understanding between Iran and the United States.

The report estimates the current value of these exports at more than \$6 billion, based on prevailing market prices.

TankerTrackers also noted that around 30 million barrels of Iranian crude oil are currently awaiting export.

The report further states that if any restrictions are imposed on Iran's oil production, the country has access to approximately 60 million barrels of floating storage capacity within the surrounding maritime area. This capacity could serve as a temporary solution for managing oil supply.

The U.S. Treasury revoked the license allowing Iranian oil and petrochemical exports earlier this month, a move Iran's foreign ministry has described as one of several American violations to the ceasefire MoU. Tehran has said it will only honor the agreement on a reciprocal basis.

Official Calls for Expediting Kermanshah-Baghdad Railway

TEHRAN – Kermanshah Governor Manouchehr Habibi has called for expediting the construction of the Khosravi-Kermanshah railway to Baghdad to facilitate travel for Arbaceen pilgrims, following the crossing of over a million at Khosravi last year.

Habibi met with Muhammad-Kazem Ale-Sadegh, the Iranian ambassador to Baghdad, on Tuesday and discussrd the province's key economic, trade, and Arbaceen-related demands, emphasizing the urgent need to accelerate implementation of the Khosravi railway to Baghdad.

The governor said that approximately 40 percent of Iran's exports to Iraq transit through the Kermanshah borders, adding that the Kermanshah-Khosravi railway project is currently un-



derway to facilitate trade and the movement of Arbaceen pilgrims once it connects to Baghdad.

He added that during the previous Arbaceen, more than one million pilgrims crossed at Khosravi, noting that activating this railway line and preparing the Sumar border are among the

main priorities for improving pilgrim transit. The Iranian Ambassador to Iraq has promised to follow up on these issues, he said.

***Kermanshah Governor Manouchehr Habibi (L) meets with Iranian Ambassador to Baghdad Mohammad-Kazem Ale-Sadegh on July 14, 2026.

Tehran Hosts 33rd Int'l Cosmetics, Cellulose Products

TEHRAN – The 33rd International Exhibition of Detergent, Hygienic, Cellulose and Related Industries (Beauty&Clean) has started its work at Tehran Permanent Intonational Fair grounds with the participation of over 160 domestic and foreign firms.

This edition of the exhibition, which will run for four days, showcases the latest achievements, technologies, products, and services of the

detergent, cosmetic, hygienic, cellulose industry, and related machinery for industry professionals, specialists, traders, and enthusiasts.

At this exhibition, participating companies are presenting their newest productions and technologies in the fields of detergents and cleaning products, cosmetic and hygienic products, cellulose products, raw and intermediate materials, machinery, equipment, production

lines, and related specialized services.

Alireza Kiani, head of the Iran Detergent, Hygienic and Cosmetic Industries Association, stated at the exhibition's opening ceremony, referring to measures taken to secure raw materials for the detergent industry under current conditions: "At present, there is no shortage in the production of detergent products, and the market has achieved stability."

Iran Calls for Postal, E-Commerce Cooperation With Turkey

TEHRAN – Deputy Minister of Information and Communications Technology and Chief Executive of the National Post Company, Muhammad Ahmadi, has emphasized enhanced postal cooperation, cross-border e-commerce, and smart service exchanges to pave the way for an Iran-Turkey agreement.

Ahmadi met with Hicabi Kirlangic, Turkey's Ambassador to Tehran, on Tuesday.

During the meeting, Ahmadi highlighted the historical and cultural ties between Iran and Turkey, announcing readiness to enhance cooperation in the digital economy and cross-border e-commerce.

He said that Iran is ready to share its "Noapa Post" smart-



service innovations with Turkey.

Ahmadi proposed signing a cooperation agreement between the postal companies of both countries, which could facilitate the development of cultural collaborations, the exchange of experiences, and an improvement in the quality of

postal services.

For his part, Kirlangic highlighted the strategic importance of both countries as gateways to the world, adding that Turkey is fully prepared to provide a platform for enhancing postal cooperation and further developing these relations alongside other areas.

SP Refinery Recovers 1.4 mcm of Flare Gas Daily

TEHRAN – The ninth refinery of the South Pars Gas Complex has launched a pipeline to transfer flare gas to the boiler units of Petropalayesh Kangan Company, a project officials say will cut flaring, curb the waste of hydrocarbon resources and reduce environmental pollution.

Muhammad Seifi, manager of the refinery, said the first phase of the project allows for the daily recovery of 1.4 million cubic meters of flare gas, according to the South Pars Gas Complex Company.

Seifi called the initiative a strategic effort to recover flare gas, protect national resources, reduce environmental pollutants and optimize energy consumption.

Beyond preventing the burning of valuable gas in flares, the project marks a significant step toward improving energy efficiency and advancing the flare-reduction policies of Iran's Oil



Ministry and the National Iranian Gas Company, he said.

On the technical side, Seifi said the project included the construction of 2,800 meters of 12-inch pipeline, along with control valves and auxiliary equipment.

Construction took 76 days and more than 28,200 person-hours of specialized work across piping, instrumentation, civil engineering, electrical systems, process design, safety and operations, he said. The pipeline entered service on May 25,

2026.

The first-phase transfer capacity stands at 1.4 million cubic meters per day and will increase in stages depending on demand and consumption levels at Petropalayesh Kangan, Seifi said.

He added that the project would play an important role in cutting greenhouse gas emissions, improving air quality in the operational area, boosting energy efficiency and supporting the oil and gas industry's sustainable development and environmental goals.

Technical, Contract Talks Begin for Yadman Oil Field Development

TEHRAN — Technical and contractual negotiations have begun for the development of the Yadman oil field as part of Iran's broader strategy to expand production from its oil fields, according to the head of the Petroleum Engineering and Development Company (PEDEC).

Nasrollah Zarei said the talks are focused on defining the project's scope of work, technical requirements, contractual framework and implementation plan. The discussions are intended to pave

the way for the start of development operations.

The Yadman oil field is a border field located in the Abadan Plain, about 65 kilometers west of Ahvaz and 22 kilometers southwest of Hoveyze. Covering roughly 200 square kilometers, it lies between the Sepehr Jo-feir and South Azadegan oil fields and is considered a key development asset in the West Karoun region.

Zarei said exploration and appraisal activities included drilling a well to a depth of

about 4,700 meters into the Lower Fahliyan formation. Reservoir studies identified the Sarvak and Gadvan formations as commercially viable oil-bearing horizons.

He said the Yadman field, one of Iran's newer oil discoveries, holds an estimated 1.1 billion barrels of oil in place. Its development, under the National Iranian Oil Company's strategy, is expected to help increase the country's oil production capacity and improve the development of border oil fields.