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In the Name of the Most High Viewpoint

Saudi-UAE Occupation Turns Southern Yemen Into Vassal State

By: Kayhan Int'l Staff Writer

The so-called deal worked out in Riyadh between factions that fought bloody battles for control of the strategic port city of Aden on the Bab al-Mandeb (Gateway of Tears), pointed to the sad fact that southern Yemen is under foreign occupation and no longer sovereign Yemeni territory where Yemenis decide their own fate.

It is a place where tears continue to flow incessantly from the eyes of people pounded by warlords in the service of the aggressors and the al-Qa'eda terrorists trying to exploit the absence of law and order for firming their foothold in the south.

Mansour Hadi, the fugitive from justice who plunged the country into a catastrophic civil war that has so far claimed a hundred thousand fatalities and opened the doors of invasion for Saudi Arabia, the UAE, and some of their comrades-in-crimes against the Yemeni people, is being charged with treason by his own tribes whose economy he destroyed and whose lives he made miserable by opposing the legitimate Ansarullah-administered government in Sana'a.

He lives comfortably in Saudi Arabia while the Yemeni people suffer, starve, sacrifice their lives, and are struck by war-related epidemic diseases.

His latest photo on Thursday of holding hands with the notorious murderers of the people of Yemen, that is, Saudi Arabia's MBS (Mohamed bin Salman) and UAE's MBZ (Mohamed bin Zayed), has become a target of shoe attacks in Aden and other parts of the south.

He is seen as nothing more than a Saudi stooge, while his rival Aidarus az-Zubaidi who leads the so-called Southern Transitional Council (STC), is viewed by the Yemeni people as a dyed-in-the-wool Emirati agent.

So there is nothing for the Yemenis of the south to gain from this much trumpeted truce in Aden except to slavishly serve the interests of Riyadh and Abu Dhabi, ironically against their own people, particularly the futile and self-defeatist attempts to prolong the unwarranted war with the popular Ansarullah Movement.

In other words, the desert-dwellers of the oil-rich parts of Arabian Peninsula seem to have succeeded in misusing their newfound wealth to not just impose themselves upon a nation famed throughout history for its civilizations, culture, urban centres, agriculture, irrigation system, and economy, but also to bomb to bits the whole infrastructure.

The aggressors did this to their fellow Muslim Arabs at the behest of the enemies of Islam, such as the U.S., Britain, and the illegal Zionist entity.

This treachery has not gone unnoticed, even though voices are suppressed by the media hawks of the West. There are reports of several tribes in Ma'rib and the south, either switching sides or willing to join the Ansarullah, which is seen as the sole alternative for preservation of the national sovereignty and territorial integrity of Yemen, with its indomitable defence of the country through its heroic fighters and well as through the daily improving missile and drone attacks on the industrial and military installations of the aggressors in retaliation for their war crimes.

In short, salvation lies in a united country and not a land divided against itself.

Kuwait Conveys Iran's Message to Saudis, Bahrain

KUWAIT (Dispatches) - Kuwait's deputy foreign minister Khaled al-Jarallah has said his country conveyed messages from Iran to Saudi Arabia and Bahrain regarding the situation in the Persian Gulf region, and "until now no answers have emerged".

The Iranian Foreign Ministry had said last month that Iran is prepared to hold talks with regional rival Saudi Arabia, "with or without the

help of a mediator".

In an address to the 74th session of the UN General Assembly in September 25, President Hassan Rouhani said as a steward of maritime security in the Persian Gulf and the Strait of Hormuz, Iran invites all countries that are affected by developments in the strategic region to join Hormuz Peace Endeavor (HOPE).

The initiative aims to promote peace, stability, progress

Iran Blasts U.S. 'Contempt for Human Dignity'



Iran's envoy to the UN Human Rights Council Muhammad Javad Larijani addresses a meeting of the UN Human Rights Council in Geneva, Nov. 8, 2019.

GENEVA (Dispatches) -- Iran's envoy to the UN Human Rights Council here on Friday condemned U.S. sanctions as a breach of the UN Charter and a major challenge to the Islamic Republic's efforts to improve the human rights situation in the country.

Addressing a meeting of the UN Human Rights Council on the situation of human rights in Iran, Muhammad Javad Larijani said Tehran "has continuously worked for further promotion of human rights through adopting a constructive and collaborative approach."

However, he complained, the U.S. economic sanctions have been a major challenge to these efforts.

"Economic sanctions, as known as unilateral coercive measures, impede the full achievement of economic and social development ... and the right to life, health, work, development, etc."

Larijani said the "cruel" economic sanctions by the U.S. are a clear form of terrorism, and have targeted the Iranian people.

According to the Iranian official, the U.S. withdrawal from the 2015 nuclear deal in May 2018 and its reimposition of sanctions on Iran and its business partners, "through intimidation of other countries to prevent trade and investment," is an "evident example of economic terrorism, which violate the principles enshrined in the UN Charter, including sovereignty, independence, non-interference in the internal affairs of other countries."

Larijani also pointed to a provisional order issued by the International Court of Justice (ICJ) in October 2018, which urged the U.S. to halt the unilateral sanctions it had reimposed on "humanitarian supplies to Iran."

"Despite the binding nature of

ICJ provisional measures, the U.S. has in practice refrained to comply with the order, and the impediments not only persist, but have become more restrictive in practice," he noted.

The Hague-based court, which is the principal judicial organ of the United Nations, announced its ruling on October 3 regarding the July 2018 lawsuit brought by Tehran against Washington's decision to re-impose unilateral sanctions following the US exit from a 2015 nuclear deal between Iran and six world powers.

The decisions of the ICJ -- which rules on disputes between UN member states -- are legally binding.

Larijani referred to the U.S. sanctions as a "flagrant contempt for human dignity and a grave threat to international peace and security."

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Karbala Tribal Heads Apologize to Iran Over Raid

KARBALA/TEHRAN (Dispatches) -- Tribal heads in Karbala have apologized to the Iranian nation and government over a recent attack against Iran's consulate in the holy Iraqi city.

They met with Iran's Consul General in Karbala Mir-Masoud Husseinian on Wednesday and offered their apology for Sunday's raid by a group of assailants on the Iranian diplomatic mission.

They said the attackers could not disrupt the "brotherly and strong relations" between the Iranians and the people of Karbala, adding Tehran has stood with the Iraqis during difficult times.

Husseinian, for his part, stressed that the incident would not affect Baghdad-Tehran ties and expressed hope that the Iraq unrest would end soon.

On Sunday, a group of rioters scaled the concrete barriers surrounding Iran's Karbala consulate and spray-painted scurrilous writings on its perimeter walls.

Several others threw stones and burned tires around the Iranian consulate building, prompting Iraqi security forces to fire in the air to disperse the crowd.

Local sources said an Iraqi element affiliated to the Ba'ath Party has been arrested over the attack.

In Tehran, Iran's top security official denounced

plots hatched by the U.S. and its regional partners to stir up unrest in Iraq and Lebanon, saying the "scenario" will fail.

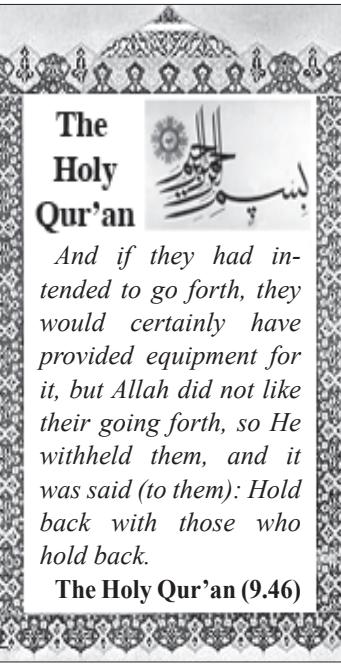
Secretary of Iran's Supreme National Security Council (SNSC) Ali Shamkhani said on Thursday Washington and its allies are taking advantage of legitimate economic and social demands of protesters in Iraq and Lebanon in a bid to create insecurity and instability in both countries.

"Thanks to the deep understanding of the people and the unparalleled role of the religious leadership in Iraq, the scenario by the U.S. and its regional puppets will fail like the Daesh sedition," he said.

Iraq is grappling with anti-government protests in several cities, where a peaceful agitation has turned violent on several occasions, with certain elements vandalizing public property and opening fire on protesters during the mayhem.

Chairman of the Chiefs of Staff of the Iranian Armed Forces Major General Mohammad Baqeri warned Thursday the enemies are exploiting the Iraqi and Lebanese people's legitimate demands in order to bring mercenary governments to power

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PRAYER TIMINGS

Noon (Zohr) 11:48

Evening(Maghreb) 17:21

Dawn(Fajr) "Tomorrow" 05:08

Sunrise "Tomorrow" 06:34

Aden Deal Will Promote Saudi Occupation: Iran

TEHRAN (Dispatches) -- Iran has said an agreement between those loyal to former president Abd Rabbuh Mansour Hadi and southern separatists would promote the "Saudi occupation" of Yemen.

The Riyadh agreement between Mansour Hadi's side and the separatist council is incomplete and will not solve the Yemen crisis and its problems," Foreign Ministry said in a statement on Thursday.

"The Yemeni people will not allow foreign forces to occupy southern Yemen," it said.

Ministry spokesman Abbas Mousavi said the agreement "does not provide any support to solve the problems in Yemen but comes in the context of promoting the Saudi occupation directly or through its forces to the southern part of the country".

The ministry said the first step toward solving the five-year conflict in Yemen is reaching a ceasefire between the country's warring rivals.

"The next step for the solution in Yemen is to hold a Yemeni-Yemeni dialogue to reach an agreement on the political future of Yemen," it said.

On Tuesday, Hadi's loyalists and the United Arab Emirates-backed Southern Transitional Council (STC) signed a deal to end the conflict over several southern cities, including Aden.

The agreement states that STC would share half of portfolios in a self-styled cabinet that should not exceed 24 "ministers" and ensure its participation in the consultations on the final political solution with the Houthi movement.

The deal also states that all forces that moved toward Aden, Abyan and Shabwah since the beginning of August should return to their bases and be replaced by local security forces within 15 days.

Yemen has been beset by violence and chaos since 2015, when Saudi Arabia launched a devastating air campaign aimed at eliminating Houthis and restore Mansour Hadi to power.

Since then, tens of thousands of Yemenis, including many civilians, are believed to have been killed in the conflict, while another 14 million have been cast into the throes of starvation, according to the UN.

and prosperity of littoral states and help achieve mutual understanding and establish peaceful and friendly relations among the neighbors, he said.

Recently, Kuwait's Al-Jarida daily quoted an unnamed Iranian Foreign Ministry source as saying that Rouhani had detailed the HOPE initiative in letters sent via Kuwait to Saudi Arabia's King Salman bin Abdulaziz Al Saud and Bahrain's King Hamad bin Isa

Al Khalifah.

Speaking on Monday, Iranian government spokesperson Ali Rabiei confirmed that Tehran had sent letters to the two kingdoms.

"The basis of the letters was regional peace and stability," he said. "We believe that multiple bilateral ties could be established in the region and that U.S. pressure should not drive a wedge between neighbors."

Late last month, Foreign Minister Muhammad Javad Zarif said he was ready to visit Saudi Arabia to help reduce tensions between the two sides if suitable conditions existed.

Also officials of Iraq and Pakistan said the Saudi Crown Prince Muhammad bin Salman had asked the leaders of those two countries to speak with their Iranian counterparts about de-escalation.