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In the Name of the Most High

Viewpoint

Yemen War Comes Home to Cripple Saudi Oil Installations

By: Kayhan Int'l Staff Writer

Saturday's drone attack on the Shayba oil installations in retaliation for unabated Saudi state terrorism in Yemen, was so devastating that after the usual denials by the regime in Riyadh, Saudi Arabia's energy minister in a bid to solicit more US and western support for the crimes against humanity of his British-created country, said in a shaky tone: "The target of this attack is the safety of global oil supply, not just the kingdom; it constitutes a threat to the global economy."

It is obvious Khalid al-Falih's claim is nothing but exaggeration when he calls the massive fire that engulfed the vital hydrocarbon complex "as a threat to global economy". And contrary to Falih's false claims the highly successful aerial attack was neither an act of 'terror' nor 'sabotage'.

Nothing will happen to the world's economy even if all of ARAMCO's drilling, storage, and supply installations are destroyed, with no export of dirt-cheap crude anymore from Saudi Arabia.

In the eventuality of the collapse and disintegration of the cultish fiefdom that London established for its salaried servant, the desert brigand of Najd, Abdul-Aziz in 1932, in addition to freedom for the people of Arabia from nearly nine decades of the Wahhabi reign of terror, oil would reach its real price ending the heavily subsidized rates imposed by the West.

Shaybah on the northern edge of the Rub al-Khali (Empty Quarter) Desert is a super-giant oil field located about 10 km from the borders of Abu Dhabi, the principal sheikhdom of the 7-nation United Arab Emirates (UAE) – until recently an accomplice of Saudi Arabia in the four-and-a-half year long war against the people of Yemen, before parting ways and ordering its proxies to seize the vital port city of Aden from the Riyadh-supported remnants of the regime of the fugitive from justice Mansour Hadi.

This means, the well-planned and decisive attack by a squadron of ten drones zooming on their target deep inside the aggressor state over a thousand kilometers from the Yemeni border, was a strategic move by the legal government based in Sana'a, and once again proved the indomitable nature of the popular Ansarallah Movement.

"We promise the Saudi regime and the powers of aggression bigger and wider operations if the aggression continues," said Yemen's military spokesman, as quoted by al-Masirah TV.

According to observers, whatever the defenders of Yemen's sovereignty and territorial integrity have said in their statements, have proven to be true and confirms the range and power of their rapidly improving indigenous defence capabilities in the face of the sophisticated weapons of terror supplied by the US, Britain, and France to the aggressors.

Moreover, the Ansarallah have always maintained that they are ready to end the current crisis through talks among all the political, tribal, and religious groups of the country, without the involvement of outside parties, for the sake of preserving Yemen as a single and undivided state, which has bitter memories of the periodic massacres unleashed on the Yemenis by the Wahhabis ever since the massacre of at least five thousand Yemeni Hajj pilgrims in 1923 by Abdul-Aziz – two years before his bloodied seizure of Hijaz the Land of Revelation and desecration of the holy cities of Mecca and Medina.

The Yemeni people have also not forgotten the Saudi occupation with British help since 1934 of their northern provinces of Najran, Aseer, and Jizan, which are regularly targeted by the Ansarallah, whose separate drone and missile operations incidentally on Saturday destroyed the airport control tower of Abha airport.

As could be crystal clear to any impartial observer, Saudi Arabia, especially its de facto ruler, the self-imposed Heir Apparent Mohamed bin Salman (MBS), are clearly ensnared in the trap of their own making.

Unfortunately, with wisdom missing from the harebrained heads of the Riyadh regime, the almost five-year long war may continue to claim its growing casualty toll, whether of the poor, besieged, and starving people of Yemen or of the Saudis, who in addition to having lost almost five thousand soldiers besides the wounding of more than twenty thousand others, will witness the descent of more missiles and deadly drones on their industrial/defence centres.

Iran Close to Self-Sufficiency in Aircraft Engines

Chief of Staff Gen. Baqeri:



Iran unveils its first national aircraft turbojet engine dubbed as Owj during a ceremony in Tehran, Sept. 13, 2016.

TEHRAN (Dispatches) – Iran is going to become fully self-sufficient in producing aircraft engines, Chief of Staff of the Iranian Armed Forces Major General Muhammad Hussein Baqeri said on Saturday.

In a meeting with the defense ministry's personnel here, Baqeri highlighted the major advances that Iran has made in the military and defense sector, particularly in the aviation industry.

The Islamic Republic has been making steady progress in the production of aircraft engines in recent years, the general said, adding it was crucial to the production of aircraft, missiles, drones and other equipment.

Baqeri said development of the

technical know-how to make engines began with the local production of a number of simple components.

Iran is now on the verge of manufacturing the engines of modern jets and helicopters and achieving full self-sufficiency in developing such systems, he said.

"What makes Iranian technicians' achievements outstanding is that self-sufficiency has been gained under the foreign sanctions."

The senior commander also highlighted the great contribution that the military sector has made to non-military industries, referring to the supply of critical auto parts for local carmakers by the defense ministry.

In, one automotive executive announced that the defense ministry had agreed to build over the next six months the hi-tech auto parts which Iran used to import.

In August 2016, Iran unveiled a domestically-made turbojet engine, dubbed Owj.

Iranian military technicians have in recent years made great headways in manufacturing a broad range of indigenous equipment, making the armed forces self-sufficient in the arms sphere.

Tehran has always assured other nations that its military might poses no threat to regional countries, saying that the Islamic Republic's defense doctrine is entirely based on deterrence.

Senior Diplomat in Tehran

Japan Seeks Continued Consultations With Iran

TEHRAN (Dispatches) -- Senior Deputy Minister for Foreign Affairs of Japan Mori Takeo met with Iranian Foreign Minister Muhammad Javad Zarif here on Saturday and discussed plans for further consultations between the two countries.

Mori hailed his "constructive" negotiations with Iran's Deputy Foreign Minister Abbas Araqchi earlier, stressing that Tokyo attaches great significance to its relations and continuation of consultations with Tehran.

For his part, Zarif highlighted the amicable and con-

structive ties between the two Asian nations.

Pointing to Japanese Prime Minister Abe Shinzo's landmark visit to Iran and his meeting with Leader of the Islamic Revolution Ayatollah Seyed Ali Khamenei in June, Zarif voiced Tehran's willingness to continue consultations with Tokyo on various bilateral and regional issues.

Abe visited Tehran in June to become the first Japanese leader to visit Iran in more than four decades.

The Japanese leader met with Ayatollah Khamenei and Iranian President Hassan Rouhani.

IRGC Deputy Commander:

Enemies Would Greatly Regret Attacking Iran

TEHRAN (Press TV) -- Iran's Islamic Revolution Guards Corps (IRGC) on Saturday called on the country's enemies to learn from past "trials" attempting to challenge Iran, warning against any attack on the country.

"The enemy has been testing the Islamic Republic of Iran for 40 years and it has to learn from these trials," said IRGC Deputy Commander Brigadier General Ali Fadavi.

"We suggest that the enemy avoids even thinking about conspiring against Iran and attacking it because they will severely regret it," he added.

Fadavi said that the IRGC's defensive presence in the Strait of Hormuz has been emboldened following the recent developments related to the Persian Gulf region. "And this is acknowledged globally," he added.

Washington has recently

heightened its rhetoric against Tehran, deploying additional forces in the Persian Gulf and calling on its allies to assist in forming a so-called naval coalition in the region.

Fadavi went on to say that his force was advancing in all aspects related to the "defense of the Islamic Revolution", adding that the nation should expect "very positive developments" in the near future.

"We will seriously step into all areas where the Iranian people are facing difficulties," he said.

U.S. President Donald Trump imposed unilateral sanctions against Tehran after it withdrew from the 2015 Iran nuclear deal last year. Tehran has slammed the sanctions, which have affected the lives of thousands of Iranians, as "economic terrorism".

Speaking at a parliamentary session on Saturday, Iranian

Parliament Speaker Ali Larijani derided Washington's measures against Tehran as a sign of "weakness".

"Today, in all hopelessness, the U.S. is trying its last attempts," he said. "It is embarrassing for this country, which claims to be a world power, to be sanctioning Iran's Foreign Minister, Ministry of Intelligence and Iran's Islamic Republic of Iran Broadcasting (IRIB)."

"Do these measures demonstrate your power? Or do they show your helplessness and weakness? What is the effect of your actions?" Larijani asked.

"If you think such actions are a demonstration of power, you should know that all Iranians are standing against you. Go on and sanction everyone so that you understand that nothing will happen," he said.

Larijani also slammed the U.S. (Continued on Page 7)

The Holy Qur'an



And those who built a masjid to cause harm and for unbelief and to cause disunion among the believers and an ambush to him who made war against Allah and His Apostle before; and they will certainly swear: We did not desire aught but good; and Allah bears witness that they are most surely liars. The Holy Qur'an (9.07)

PRAYER TIMINGS

Noon (Zohr)	13:08
Evening (Maghreb)	20:10
Dawn (Fajr) "Tomorrow"	04:54
Sunrise "Tomorrow"	06:25

Leading State-Run Newspaper:

China Joining U.S. Mission 'Wishful Thinking'

BEIJING (Dispatches) -- Amid escalating tensions with Iran, the U.S. aims to use maximum pressure and a maritime coalition to make Iran yield, but only two regimes or so have responded to Washington's propaganda, state-run Chinese newspaper the Global Times wrote on Saturday.

The U.S. has accused Iran of attacking oil tankers in the Persian Gulf but provided no convincing evidence. The so-called coalition dominated by the U.S. is part of the bid to crack down on Iran, with Washington lobbying other countries to help it pressure Tehran.

Some Americans wish China could participate in the coalition as this would mitigate China-U.S. tensions caused by the American trade war against Beijing and would help the U.S. fend off criticism that the escorts would damage Iran's interests, according to the Voice of America Chinese site. "This is obviously wishful thinking," the English-language newspaper said.

"Iran is a comprehensive strategic partner of China and China is dedicated to safeguarding peace and stability in the Persian Gulf," the paper said.

"Such a coalition would only damage Iran's interests and thus China's. China would not hesitate to send military forces to defend its interests if its vessels sailing in the Persian Gulf are endangered."

According to the paper, China has had close cooperation with Iran in fighting pirates, which is also beneficial to other countries.

The safety of oil shipping lanes are related to global economic security - about 30 percent of the world's crude oil goes through the Persian Gulf and the Gulf of Oman.

China, the Global Times said, has been making great efforts to maintain stability and security in the region.

"China has sent naval fleets on escort missions to the Gulf (Continued on Page 7)